

Census of Drug and Alcohol Treatment Services in Northern Ireland: 1st March 2010

This bulletin summarises information collected in the third Census of statutory and non-statutory drug and alcohol treatment services in Northern Ireland to establish the number of persons in treatment for drug and/or alcohol misuse. The Public Health Information and Research Branch, within the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, conducted the Census on 1st March 2010. The first Census was conducted on 1st March 2005, and a follow up Census was conducted on 1st March 2007.

Summary

In Northern Ireland on 1st March 2010:

- There were 5846 individuals in treatment for drug and/or alcohol misuse.
- Of all those in treatment on 1st March 2010:
 - Just under three fifths (57%) were in treatment for alcohol misuse;
 - Just over one fifth (22%) were in treatment for drug misuse; and
 - Approximately one fifth (21%) were in treatment for both drug and alcohol misuse.
- Approximately three quarters (73%) of individuals in treatment were male; 27% were female.
- The majority of those in treatment were aged 18 years or over (89%), whilst 11% were aged under 18 years.
- Just over half (55%) of those in treatment were attending statutory agencies; 42% were attending non-statutory services and 4% were attending prison-based services.
- Almost all (98%) of those in treatment on 1st March 2010 were attending non-residential treatment services.
- Between 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2010, the total number of individuals in treatment increased by 5% from 5583 to 5846.

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1. Background

1.1 In 2004 the Public Health Information and Research Branch (PHIRB) (formerly the Drug and Alcohol Information and Research Unit (DAIRU)) was tasked with taking forward a project to collect information regarding the number of individuals in treatment for drug and/or alcohol misuse.

1.2 The initial Census was taken on 1st March 2005 and was repeated on 1st March 2007 and on 1st March 2010.

2. Data Collection

2.1 PHIRB, in conjunction with the four Senior Drug and Alcohol Co-ordinators, developed a comprehensive list of statutory and non-statutory treatment services that would be invited to contribute to the data collection exercise and as with the previous two censuses “individuals in treatment” were defined as “live cases where a person is being treated on a one-to-one basis”.

2.2 As in 2005 and 2007, each organisation identified was asked to complete a Census Form (see Annex C), which sought details on the numbers of individuals in treatment for drugs and/or alcohol misuse (broken down by age and gender) on 1st March 2010.

2.3 The organisations that participated provide a wide range of services including detoxification and residential care. Hospital Information Branch, within DHSSPS, also provided data from the Hospital Inpatients System (HIS) - see Annex D. The HIS has been designed to process information relating to in-patient stays in hospital. The source information for the HIS is the Patient Administration System (PAS) resident in hospital sites throughout Northern Ireland.

2.4 It should be noted that a census represents a “snap-shot” at a particular

point in time, in this case the numbers in treatment on 1st March 2010. As individuals can be in contact with more than one service, there may be an element of double-counting. These figures cannot be used to derive numbers in treatment over the course of a year.

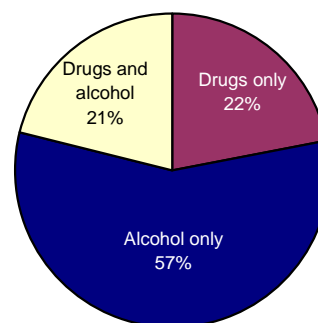
3. Response Rate

3.1 Eighty-three organisations were invited to submit data. Returns were received from 78 organisations, giving an overall response rate of 94%. This compares favourably with the 2007 Census of Drug & Alcohol Treatment Services, where 96% of organisations responded.

4. Profile of Service Users

4.1 There were 5846 individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010 and of these, 3328 individuals (57%) were in treatment for alcohol misuse. Just over one fifth (22%, 1294 individuals) were in treatment for drug misuse and approximately one fifth (21%, 1224 individuals) were in treatment for both drug and alcohol misuse (Figure 1; Table 1).

Figure 1. Treatment type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2010



Total: 5846

Gender

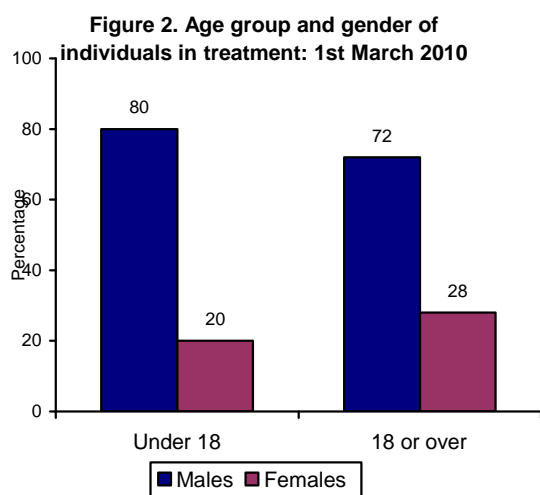
4.2 Of the 5846 individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010, approximately three quarters (73%, 4244 individuals) were male and 27% (1602 individuals) were female (Table 2).

Age

4.3 Of the 5846 individuals in treatment the majority were aged 18 years or over (89%, 5202 individuals), whilst 11% (644 individuals) were aged under 18 years (Table 2).

Gender and age

4.4 Among those aged 18 years or over, approximately seven tenths were male (72%; 3730 individuals) and just under three tenths (28%; 1472 individuals) were female. This gender difference was also observed among those aged under 18 years, where four fifths of those in treatment were males (80%; 514 individuals) and one fifth were females (20%; 130 individuals) (Figure 2; Table 2).

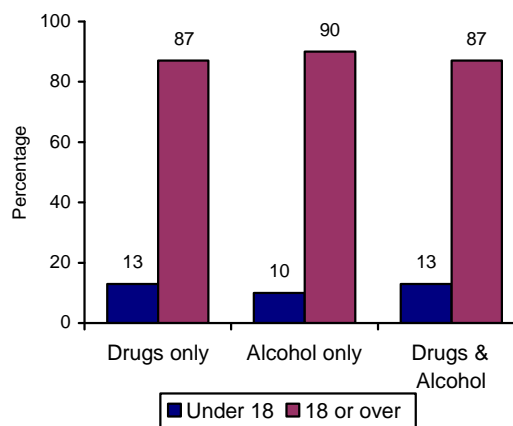


5. Profile of Treatment Type

Drugs only

5.1 There were 1294 individuals in treatment for drug misuse. Of these, 985 (76%) were male and 309 (24%) were female (Table 3). The largest proportion of those in treatment for drug misuse were aged 18 years or over (87%; 1123 individuals), whilst 13% (171 individuals) were aged under 18 years (Figure 3; Table 4).

Figure 3. Age group and service type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2010



Alcohol only

5.2 There were 3328 individuals in treatment for alcohol misuse. Of these, 2296 (69%) were male and 1032 (31%) were female (Table 3). The majority of those in treatment for alcohol misuse were aged 18 years or over (90%; 3009 individuals), whilst 10% (319 individuals) were aged under 18 years (Figure 3; Table 4).

Drugs and Alcohol

5.3 There were 1224 individuals in treatment for both drug and alcohol misuse. Of these, 963 (79%) were male and 261 (21%) were female (Table 3). The majority of individuals in treatment for both drugs and alcohol were aged 18 years or over (87%), while 13% were aged under 18 years (Figure 3; Table 4).

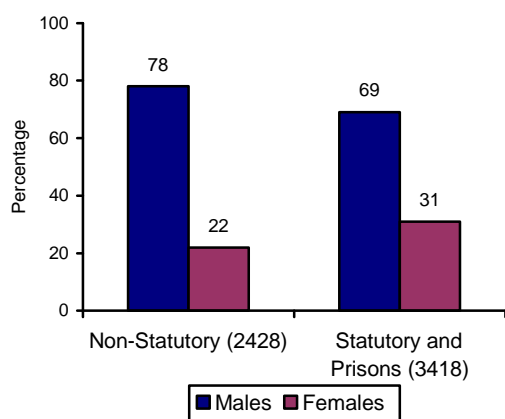
6. Profile of Services

6.1 Just over half of those (55%; 3213 individuals) in treatment on 1st March 2010 were receiving treatment from statutory services, such as Community Addiction Teams. Approximately two fifths (42%; 2428 individuals) were receiving treatment from non-statutory services and 4% (205 individuals) were receiving treatment from prison-based services (Table 5).

Gender

6.2 More males than females were receiving treatment in both non-statutory and statutory services. In non-statutory services, 78% (1898 individuals) were male and 22% (530 individuals) were female. In statutory services (including prisons), 69% were male (2346 individuals) and 31% were female (1066 individuals) (Figure 4; Table 6).

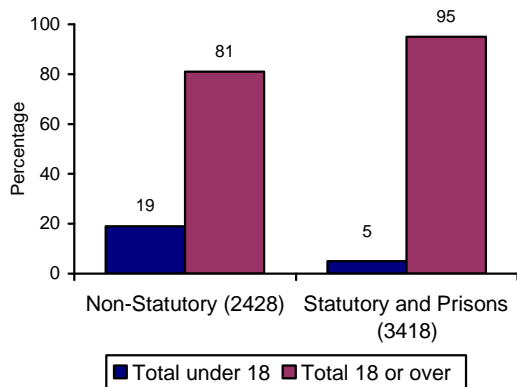
Figure 4. Service type and gender of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2010



Age

6.3 A majority of those in treatment in statutory agencies (including prisons) were aged 18 years or over (95%; 3236 individuals). In non-statutory agencies, approximately four fifths (81%; 1966 individuals) of those in treatment were aged 18 years or over (Figure 5; Table 7).

Figure 5. Service type and age group of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2010



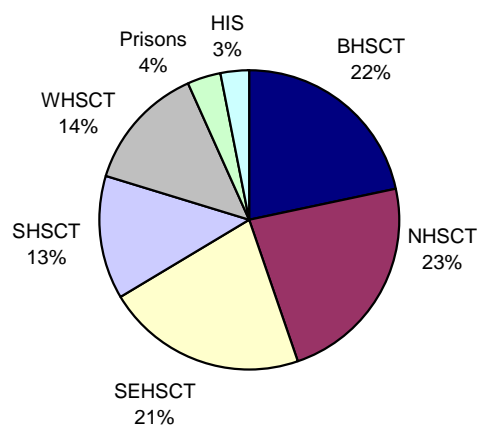
Gender and age

6.4 Of those in contact with non-statutory treatment services on 1st March 2010, just under four fifths (78%) of males were aged 18 years or over, compared with approximately nine tenths (91%) of females aged 18 years or over (Table 8). In statutory services (including prisons), a majority of males (96%) were aged 18 years or over while 93% of females were aged 18 years or over (Table 8).

7. Health & Social Care Trust

7.1 Just under one quarter (23%; 1349 individuals) of those in treatment on 1st March 2010 were in the Northern Health and Social Care Trust and approximately one fifth were in the Belfast HSCT (22%; 1272 individuals) and South Eastern HSCT (21%; 1252 individuals). Approximately one seventh were in treatment in the Western HSCT (14%; 797 individuals) and Southern HSCT (13%; 789 individuals). A further 4% (205 individuals) were receiving treatment from Prison-based services and 3% (182 individuals) were recorded on the Hospital Information System (HIS) (Figure 6; Table 9).

Figure 6. Proportion of Individuals in treatment in each HSCT: 1st March 2010



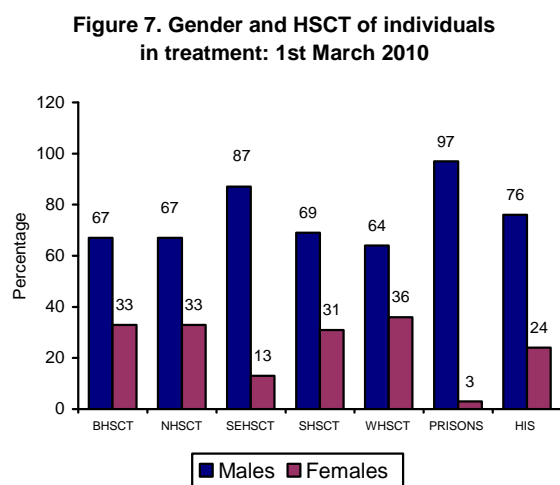
Total: 5846

Treatment type

7.2 Across the five Health and Social Care Trusts the largest proportion of individuals in treatment for alcohol misuse was in the Southern HSCT (69%), followed by the South Eastern (62%), Western (61%), Northern (56%) and Belfast HSCT (45%). The largest proportion of those in treatment for drug misuse was in the Northern HSCT (31%), followed by the Belfast (27%), South Eastern (20%), Western (18%) and the Southern HSCT (13%). Just under one tenth (8%) of those in treatment in Prison received treatment for alcohol misuse, while 97% of those on the Hospital Inpatients System were in treatment for alcohol misuse (Map 1; Table 9).

Gender

7.3 The majority of those in treatment on 1st March 2010 were male. This is true across all five Health and Social Care Trusts ranging from 64% (509 males) in the Western HSCT to 87% (1087 males) in the South Eastern HSCT. In Prison-based services, 97% (199) were male compared to 76% (139) of those on the Hospital Inpatients System (HIS) (Figure 7; Table 10).



Age

7.4 The majority of those in treatment on 1st March 2010 (89%; 5202 individuals) were aged 18 years or over. This is the case across each of the Health and Social

Care Trusts of treatment. In the Southern, Belfast, and Western HSCTs over nine tenths of those in treatment were aged 18 years or over compared to 85% (1146 individuals) in the Northern HSCT and 76% (955 individuals) in the South Eastern HSCT. No individuals under 18 years of age were reported as in treatment as hospital in-patients (Table 11).

Gender and age

7.5 In each of the five Health and Social Care Trusts, the majority of both males and females receiving treatment were aged 18 years or over. The lowest proportion of males aged 18 years or over was in the South Eastern HSCT (73%). The lowest proportion of females aged 18 years or over was in the Northern HSCT (80%). (Table 12).

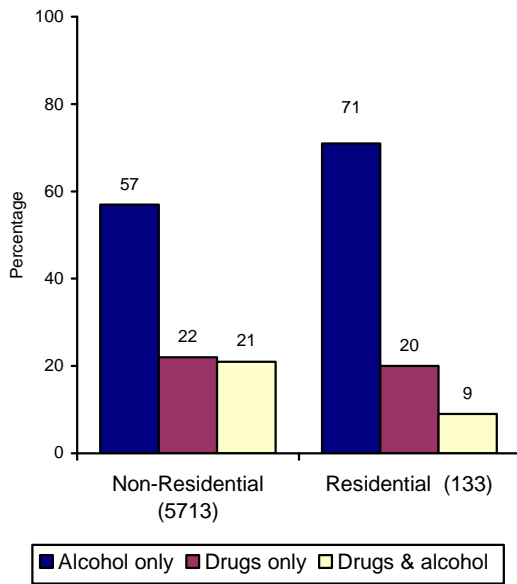
8. Residential status

8.1 Almost all (98%; 5713 individuals) of the individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010 were in contact with non-residential treatment services (Table 13).

8.2 In non-residential treatment services the largest proportion of individuals were in treatment for alcohol misuse (57%). Just over one fifth (22%; 1268 individuals) were in treatment for drug misuse, while 21% (1212 individuals) were in treatment for drug and alcohol misuse (Table 13).

8.3 Of the 133 individuals in residential treatment services the largest proportion of individuals were in treatment for alcohol misuse (71%; 95 individuals). One fifth (20%; 26 individuals) were in treatment for drug misuse, while 9% (12 individuals) were in treatment for drug and alcohol misuse. (Figure 8; Table 13).

Figure 8. Residential status and treatment type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2010



Gender

8.3 The pattern of misuse by gender was broadly similar across each of the residential categories. In non-residential treatment services the largest proportion of both males and females were in treatment for alcohol misuse (54% of males; 64% of females), while in residential treatment services 73% of males and 69% of females were in treatment for alcohol misuse (Table 14).

Gender and age

8.4 Of those in non-residential treatment services 88% (3639 individuals) of males were aged 18 or over, while in residential treatment services 100% of males were aged 18 years or over (Table 16).

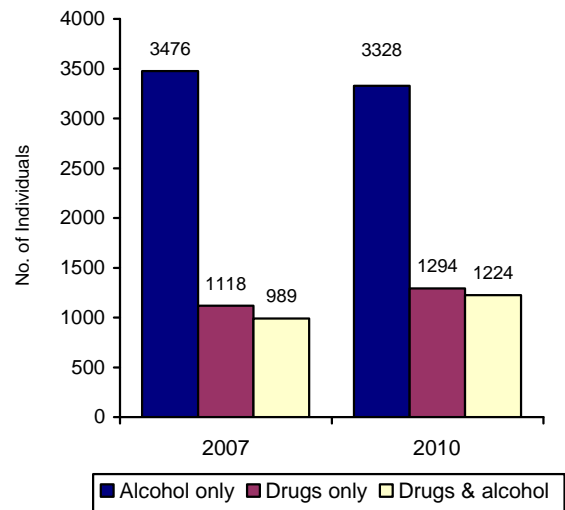
9. NI Comparisons with 2007 Census

9.1 The first ever Census of Drug and Alcohol Treatment Services in Northern Ireland was conducted on 1st March 2005, and a follow up Census was conducted on 1st March 2007.

Treatment type

9.2 Between 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2010, the number of individuals reported as in treatment increased by 5% from 5583 to 5846, respectively. The number of individuals in treatment for alcohol misuse decreased by 4% over the period (from 3476 to 3328); those in treatment for drug misuse increased by 16% (from 1118 to 1294) and those in treatment for drugs and alcohol increased by 24% (from 989 to 1224) (Figure 9; Table B1).

Figure 9. Treatment type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2007 & 1st March 2010



Gender

9.3 The number of males increased by 15% between 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2010 (from 3686 to 4244); the number of females in treatment decreased by 16% (from 1897 to 1602) (Table B2).

Age

9.4 The number of individuals in treatment aged under 18 years decreased by 24% (from 847 to 644) between 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2010. The number of those in treatment aged 18 years or over increased by 10% (4736 in 2007 and 5202 in 2010) (Table B3).

HSCT

9.5 Between 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2010 the number of individuals in treatment in the Health and Social Care Trusts increased by 5% (from 5185 to 5459). The number of individuals in Prison-based treatment services decreased by 20% (from 257 to 205). Those recorded on the HIS increased by 29% (from 141 to 182) (Table B4).

Agency type

9.6 Between 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2010 the number of individuals in treatment in statutory agencies decreased by 10% (from 3585 to 3213). In non-statutory treatment agencies the number of individuals in treatment increased by 39% (from 1741 to 2428). The number of those in treatment in Prison-based services fell by 20% (from 257 to 205) (Table B5).

10. Acknowledgements

PHIRB would like to thank all the treatment services that responded to this request for information for their cooperation in ensuring the provision of the data reported in this bulletin.

11. Editorial Notes

11.1 Percentages do not always add to 100 due to rounding.

11.2 Any comments or questions concerning the data contained in this publication, or requests for further information, should be addressed to:

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11.3 Further copies of this publication can be obtained from the above address, or online at:

http://www.dhsspsni.gov.uk/index/stats_research/stats-pubs.htm

Many other statistical and research reports from the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety's Information and Analysis Directorate, in which PHIRB is located, are available from the DHSSPS website.

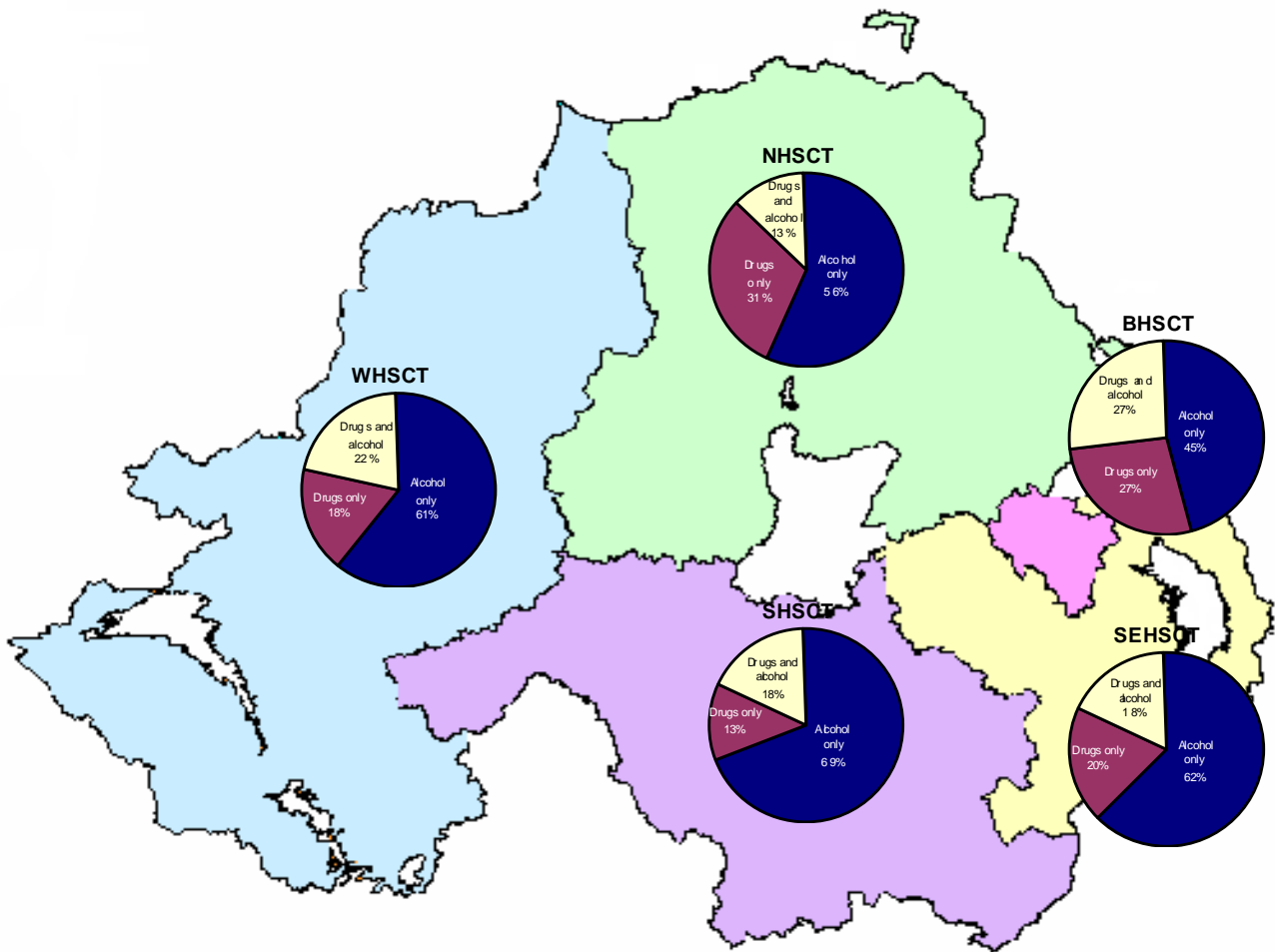
The Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency

11.4 The Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) is the principal source of official statistical information about Northern Ireland. Further information is available from the NISRA website at <http://www.nisra.gov.uk/> or via e-mail at info.nisra@dfpni.gov.uk.

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Map 1: HSCT and treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010



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Table 1. Treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010

numbers and percentages

Treatment type	Number	%
Drugs only	1294	22
Alcohol only	3328	57
Drugs and alcohol	1224	21
TOTAL	5846	100

Table 2. Age and gender of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010

numbers and percentages

	Under 18	18 or Over	TOTAL
Males	514	3730	4244
Females	130	1472	1602
TOTAL	644	5202	5846

Percentages

Males	80	72	73
Females	20	28	27
TOTAL	100	100	100

Table 3. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010

<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
Gender and Treatment Type	Number	%
Male drugs only	985	76
Female drugs only	309	24
Total drugs only	1294	100
Males alcohol only	2296	69
Female alcohol only	1032	31
Total alcohol only	3328	100
Male drugs and alcohol	963	79
Female drugs and alcohol	261	21
Total drugs and alcohol	1224	100
Total number of clients	5846	

Table 4. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2010

<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
Age and Treatment type	Number	%
Under 18 drugs only	171	13
18 or over drugs only	1123	87
Total drugs only	1294	100
Under 18 alcohol only	319	10
18 or over alcohol only	3009	90
Total alcohol only	3328	100
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	154	13
18 or over drugs and alcohol	1070	87
Total drugs and alcohol	1224	100
Total number of clients	5846	

Table 5. Treatment type of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2010

	numbers and percentages			
	Non-Statutory	Statutory	Prisons	TOTAL
Drugs only	465	798	31	1294
Alcohol only	1455	1857	16	3328
Drugs and alcohol	508	558	158	1224
TOTAL	2428	3213	205	5846

Percentages

Drugs only	19	25	15	22
Alcohol only	60	58	8	57
Drugs and alcohol	21	17	77	21
TOTAL	100	100	100	100

Table 6. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2010

	numbers and percentages		
	Non-Statutory	Statutory and Prisons ⁽¹⁾	TOTAL
Male drugs only	394	591	985
Male alcohol only	1115	1181	2296
Male drugs and alcohol	389	574	963
Total males	1898	2346	4244
Female drugs only	71	238	309
Female alcohol only	340	692	1032
Female drugs and alcohol	119	142	261
Total females	530	1072	1602
TOTAL	2428	3418	5846
<u>Percentages</u>			
Male drugs only	21	25	23
Male alcohol only	59	50	54
Male drugs and alcohol	20	24	23
Total males	100	100	100
Female drugs only	13	22	19
Female alcohol only	64	65	64
Female drugs and alcohol	23	13	16
Total females	100	100	100
TOTAL	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The Statutory Services and Prisons categories have been combined as some cells contained counts of less than five; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 7. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2010

	<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
	Non-Statutory	Statutory and Prisons ⁽¹⁾	TOTAL
Under 18 drugs only	152	19	171
Under 18 alcohol only	221	98	319
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	89	65	154
Total under 18	462	182	644
18 or over drugs only	313	810	1123
18 or over alcohol only	1234	1775	3009
18 or over drugs and alcohol	419	651	1070
Total 18 or over	1966	3236	5202
TOTAL	2428	3418	5846

Percentages

Under 18 drugs only	33	10	27
Under 18 alcohol only	48	54	50
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	19	36	24
Total under 18	100	100	100
18 or over drugs only	16	25	22
18 or over alcohol only	63	55	58
18 or over drugs and alcohol	21	20	21
Total 18 or over	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The Statutory Services and Prisons categories have been combined as some cells contained counts of less than five; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 8. Age and gender of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2010

	<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
	Non-Statutory	Statutory and Prisons ⁽¹⁾	TOTAL
Males under 18	412	102	514
Males 18 or over	1486	2244	3730
Total males	1898	2346	4244
Females under 18	50	80	130
Females 18 or over	480	992	1472
Total females	530	1072	1602
TOTAL	2428	3418	5846

Percentages

Males under 18	22	4	12
Males 18 or over	78	96	88
Total males	100	100	100
Females under 18	9	7	8
Females 18 or over	91	93	92
Total females	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The Statutory Services and Prisons categories have been combined as some cells contained counts of less than five; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 9. Treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2010

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾							
	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT ⁽³⁾	PRISONS	HIS	TOTAL
Drugs only	348	417	253	100	140	-	-	1294
Alcohol only	577	761	771	544	483	16	176	3328
Drugs and alcohol	347	171	228	145	174	-	-	1224
TOTAL	1272	1349	1252	789	797	205	182	5846

Percentages

Drugs only	27	31	20	13	18	-	-	22
Alcohol only	45	56	62	69	61	8	97	57
Drugs and alcohol	27	13	18	18	22	-	-	21
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

⁽²⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Belfast Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by one agency that provides treatment services in more than one HSCT.

⁽³⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Western Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by one agency that provides treatment services in more than one HSCT.

Table 10. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2010

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾							
	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT ⁽³⁾	PRISONS	HIS	TOTAL
Male drugs only	248	321	214	70	101	-	-	985
Male alcohol only	356	470	678	354	286	-	-	2296
Male drugs and alcohol	253	116	195	122	122	155	0	963
Total males	857	907	1087	546	509	199	139	4244
Female drugs only	100	96	39	-	39	-	-	309
Female alcohol only	221	291	93	190	197	-	-	1032
Female drugs and alcohol	94	55	33	-	52	-	-	261
Total females	415	442	165	243	288	6	43	1602
TOTAL	1272	1349	1252	789	797	205	182	5846

Percentages

Male drugs only	29	35	20	13	20	-	-	23
Male alcohol only	42	52	62	65	56	-	-	54
Male drugs and alcohol	30	13	18	22	24	78	0	23
Total males	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Female drugs only	24	22	24	-	14	-	-	19
Female alcohol only	53	66	56	78	68	-	-	64
Female drugs and alcohol	23	12	20	-	18	-	-	16
Total females	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

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Table 11. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2010

numbers and percentages⁽¹⁾

	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT ⁽³⁾	PRISONS	HIS	TOTAL
Under 18 drugs only	-	29	83	14	24	-	0	171
Under 18 alcohol only	-	101	192	7	-	-	0	319
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	38	73	22	-	-	0	0	154
Total under 18	62	203	297	-	56	-	0	644
18 or over drugs only	327	388	170	-	116	-	-	1123
18 or over alcohol only	574	660	579	537	469	14	176	3009
18 or over drugs and alcohol	309	98	206	-	156	158	-	1070
Total 18 or over	1210	1146	955	-	741	-	182	5202
TOTAL	1272	1349	1252	789	797	205	182	5846

Percentages

Under 18 drugs only	-	14	28	58	43	-	0	27
Under 18 alcohol only	-	50	65	29	-	-	0	50
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	61	36	7	-	-	0	0	24
Total under 18	100	100	100	-	100	-	0	100
18 or over drugs only	27	34	18	-	16	-	-	22
18 or over alcohol only	47	58	61	70	63	7	97	58
18 or over drugs and alcohol	26	9	22	-	21	78	-	21
Total 18 or over	100	100	100	-	100	-	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

⁽²⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Belfast Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by one agency that provides treatment services in more than one HSCT.

⁽³⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Western Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by one agency that provides treatment services in more than one HSCT.

Table 12. Age and gender of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2010

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾							
	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT ⁽³⁾	PRISONS	HIS	TOTAL
Males under 18	42	114	293	-	43	-	0	514
Males 18 or over	815	793	794	-	466	-	139	3730
Total males	857	907	1087	546	509	199	139	4244
Females under 18	20	89	-	-	13	0	0	130
Females 18 or over	395	353	-	-	275	6	43	1472
Total females	415	442	165	243	288	6	43	1602
TOTAL	1272	1349	1252	789	797	205	182	5846

Percentages

Males under 18	5	13	27	-	8	-	0	12
Males 18 or over	95	87	73	-	92	-	100	88
Total males	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Females under 18	5	20	-	-	5	0	0	8
Females 18 or over	95	80	-	-	95	100	100	92
Total females	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

⁽²⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Belfast Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by one agency that provides treatment services in more than one HSCT.

⁽³⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Western Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by one agency that provides treatment services in more than one HSCT.

Table 13. Treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2010

	<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
	Non-Residential	Residential	TOTAL
Drugs only	1268	26	1294
Alcohol only	3233	95	3328
Drugs and alcohol	1212	12	1224
TOTAL	5713	133	5846

Percentages

Drugs only	22	20	22
Alcohol only	57	71	57
Drugs and alcohol	21	9	21
TOTAL	100	100	100

Table 14. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2010

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾		
	Non-Residential	Residential	TOTAL
Male drugs only	969	16	985
Male alcohol only	2230	66	2296
Male drugs and alcohol	954	9	963
Total males	4153	91	4244
Female drugs only	-	-	309
Female alcohol only	1003	29	1032
Female drugs and alcohol	-	-	261
Total females	1560	42	1602
TOTAL	5713	133	5846

Percentages

Male drugs only	23	18	23
Male alcohol only	54	73	54
Male drugs and alcohol	23	10	23
Total males	100	100	100
Female drugs only	-	-	19
Female alcohol only	64	69	64
Female drugs and alcohol	-	-	16
Total females	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 15. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2010

* It has not been possible to present the breakdown of age and treatment type due to the large number of cells with counts of less than five.

Table 16. Age and gender of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2010

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾		
	Non-Residential	Residential	TOTAL
Males under 18	514	0	514
Males 18 or over	3639	91	3730
Total males	4153	91	4244
Females under 18	-	-	130
Females 18 or over	-	-	1472
Total females	1560	42	1602
TOTAL	5713	133	5846

Percentages

Males under 18	12	0	12
Males 18 or over	88	100	88
Total males	100	100	100
Females under 18	-	-	8
Females 18 or over	-	-	92
Total females	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of age and gender of individuals in treatment by residential status is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

ANNEX B – NI Comparative Tables

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Table B1. Treatment type of individuals in treatment

numbers and percentages

Treatment Type	1 st March 2005		1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		% change 2007-2010
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Drugs only	1030	20	1118	20	1294	22	+16%
Alcohol only	3074	61	3476	62	3328	57	- 4%
Drugs and alcohol	960	19	989	18	1224	21	+24%
Total	5064	100	5583	100	5846	100	+5%

Table B2. Gender of individuals in treatment

numbers and percentages

Gender	1 st March 2005		1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		% change 2007-2010
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Males	3292	65	3686	66	4244	73	+15%
Females	1772	35	1897	34	1602	27	-16%
Total	5064	100	5583	100	5846	100	+5%

Table B3. Age of individuals in treatment

numbers and percentages

Age	1 st March 2005		1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		% change 2007-2010
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Under 18	271	5	847	15	644	11	-24%
18 or over	4793	95	4736	85	5202	89	+10%
Total	5064	100	5583	100	5846	100	+5%

Table B4. Health & Social Care Trust of treatment

numbers and percentages

HSCT	1 st March 2005		1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		% change 2007-2010
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
All HSCTs	4646	92	5185	93	5459	93	+5%
Prisons	186	4	257	5	205	4	-20%
HIS	232	5	141	3	182	3	+29%
Total	5064	100	5583	100	5846	100	+5%

Table B5. Service type of treatment

numbers and percentages

Service type	1 st March 2005		1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		% change 2007-2010
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Non-statutory	1280	25	1741	31	2428	42	+39%
Statutory	3598	71	3585	64	3213	55	-10%
Prisons	186	4	257	5	205	4	-20%
Total	5064	100	5583	100	5846	100	+5%

ANNEX C – CENSUS FORM:

**CENSUS OF DRUG AND/OR ALCOHOL MISUSE
IN NORTHERN IRELAND**

Monday 1st March 2010 at Midnight

Organisation Name

Organisation Location

Drug Misuse Database Reference (*if applicable*)

Contact Name

Contact Telephone Number

Please complete the table below to show the number of individuals (live cases where a person is being treated on a one-to-one basis) in treatment for either Drugs misuse, Alcohol misuse or both Drug and Alcohol misuse, at midnight on Monday 1st March 2010.

	Males		Females	
	Less than 18 years old (Born on, or after 1 st March 1992)	18 years old or older (Born before 1 st March 1992)	Less than 18 years old (Born on, or after 1 st March 1992)	18 years old or older (Born before 1 st March 1992)
<u>DRUGS only</u>				
<u>ALCOHOL only</u>				
<u>Both DRUGS & ALCOHOL</u>				

PLEASE RETURN THIS FORM EITHER ELECTRONICALLY TO:

phirb@dhsspsni.gov.uk

OR BY POST TO:

Public Health Information and Research Branch
DHSSPS
Annex 2
Castle Buildings
Stormont
BELFAST
BT4 3SQ

ANNEX D – DATA FROM THE HOSPITAL INPATIENT SYSTEM

The Hospital Inpatient System (HIS) is maintained within DHSSPS, by Hospital Information Branch (HIB).

The Hospital Inpatients System (HIS) has been designed to process information relating to in-patient stays in hospital. The source information for the HIS is the Patient Administration System (PAS) resident in hospital sites throughout Northern Ireland.

Information from the HIS has been included within the Statutory Services group for this report.

It should be noted that the HIS data examined excludes patients in Mental Health Hospitals.

HIS records details of the patient's primary diagnosis and up to six secondary diagnoses. The ICD 10 codes F10 to F19 have been used to identify mental and behavioural disorders due to substance use as outlined in the table below.

Some individuals were in hospital with more than one of these diagnoses.

ICD 10 Code	Description
F10	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of alcohol
F11	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of opioids
F12	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of cannabinoids
F13	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of sedatives or hypnotics
F14	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of cocaine
F15	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of other stimulants, including caffeine
F16	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of hallucinogens
F18	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of volatile solvents
F19	Mental and behavioural disorders due to multiple drug use and use of other psychoactive substances

Due to the wide range of data information recorded, annual and financial year datasets are not closed until some 6 months after the end of the financial year concerned, i.e. September each year. For this reason, information relating to 1st March 2010 would not be available until September 2010. Consequently HIS information for 30th September 2009 is used in this study as the best proxy for the information that will eventually be available for March 2010.

Recent and Future Publications from the Public Health Information and Research Branch

Statistical Bulletins

Number	Title	Publication Date
1/2010	Statistics from the Northern Ireland Drug Addicts Index 2009	March 2010
2/2010	Statistics from the Northern Ireland Needle and Syringe Exchange Scheme: 1 April 2009 – 31 March 2010	June 2010
4/2010	Statistics from the Northern Ireland Substitute Prescribing Database: 31 st March 2010	September 2010
5/2010	Statistics on Smoking Cessation Services in Northern Ireland: 2009/10	September 2010
6/2010	Statistics from the Northern Ireland Drug Misuse Database: 1 April 2009 – 31 March 2010	October 2010

Research Reports

Title	Publication Date
<i>A Study of Cocaine Use in Northern Ireland 2009</i>	<i>March 2010</i>
<i>Research into the Social costs of Alcohol Misuse in Northern Ireland 2009</i>	<i>June 2010</i>

Copies of these publications can be obtained on-line at:

http://www.dhsspsni.gov.uk/index/stats_research/public_health/statistics_and_research-drugs_alcohol-2.htm