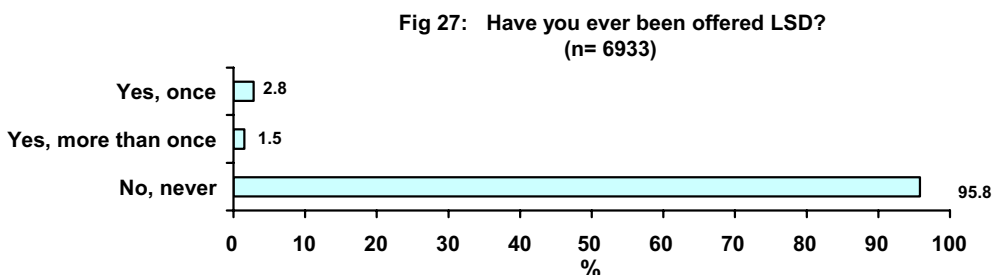


2.6 LSD

The following section presents the results from those questions relating to LSD (acid, tabs and trips).

2.6.1 Ever Offered LSD

Less than one in twenty (4%) pupils had ever been offered LSD, with 3% offered the drug only once and 2% offered it more than once (Figure 27).



The likelihood of having been offered LSD increased significantly with age, with 9% of those aged 16 or over having been offered the drug compared with just 1% of those aged 12 or younger. A slightly greater proportion of those entitled to free school meals indicated having been offered the drug (5%), as well as pupils attending schools in the BELB area (Table 2.52).

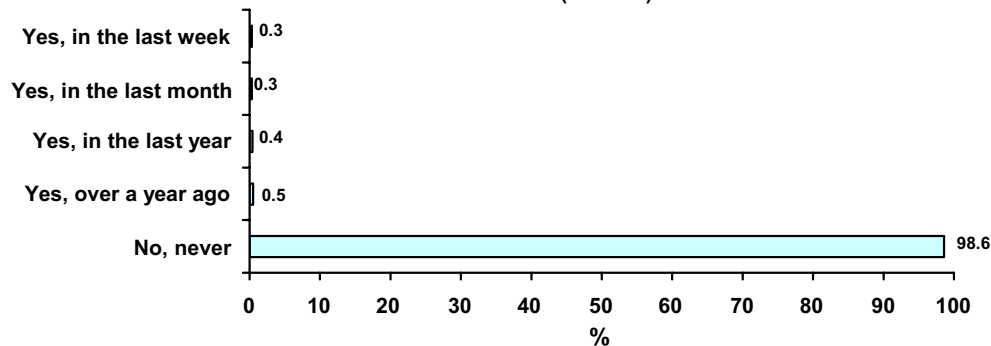
		Have you been offered LSD?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		4.2	95.8	6933
Age***	12 or younger	1.1	98.9	1382
	13	3.1	96.9	1243
	14	2.3	97.7	1319
	15	5.5	94.5	1392
	16 or older	8.8	91.2	1138
Sex	Male	4.5	95.5	3454
	Female	4.0	96.0	3479
School	Secondary	4.5	95.5	4246
	Grammar	3.8	96.2	2687
Education & Library Board**	BELB	6.3	93.7	1271
	WHSSB	3.4	96.6	1251
	NEELB	4.2	95.8	1620
	SEELB	4.0	96.0	1218
	SELB	3.5	96.5	1574
Eligible For Free School Meals*	Yes	5.4	94.6	1351
	No	4.0	96.0	5574

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

2.6.2 Using LSD

Just 1% of all pupils had ever used LSD, with older pupils, boys and those entitled to free school meals more likely to report having used LSD (Figure 28).

Fig 28: Have you ever used LSD?
(n= 6899)



Ever having used LSD was found to be significantly associated with pupil age, gender and eligibility for free school meals, with older pupils three times (3%) more likely to say that they had used LSD compared with younger aged pupils (1%), and boys twice as likely to report use (2%) compared with girls (1%). Those entitled to free school meals (3%) were also more likely to report using LSD compared with other pupils, as were pupils attending BELB schools compared with other areas (Table 2.53).

		Ever used LSD?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		1.4	98.6	6899
Age***	12 or younger	0.7	99.3	1369
	13	0.9	99.1	1237
	14	0.9	99.1	1315
	15	1.5	98.5	1391
	16 or older	3.0	97.0	1134
Sex***	Male	2.0	98.0	3433
	Female	0.8	99.2	3466
School	Secondary	1.5	98.5	4221
	Grammar	1.3	98.7	2678
Education & Library Board**	BELB	2.5	97.5	1263
	WHSSB	1.2	98.8	1246
	NEELB	0.9	99.1	1612
	SEELB	1.2	98.8	1213
	SELB	1.4	98.6	1564
Eligible For Free School Meals***	Yes	2.5	97.5	1340
	No	1.1	98.9	5550

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

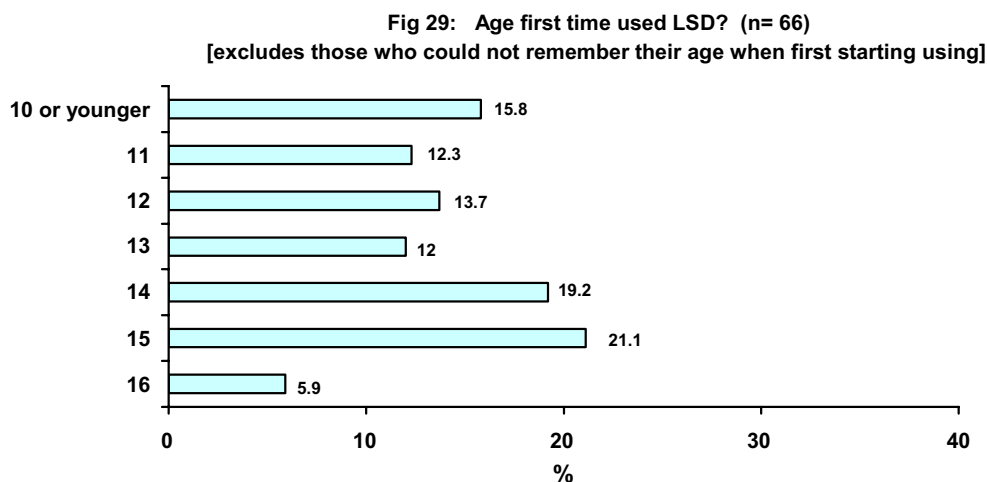
2.6.3 Regularity Of Using LSD

Among those who had ever used LSD, 18% reported using the drug at least weekly with 40% saying that the no longer use the drug (Table 2.54).

	%
Daily	4.8
A few times a week	13.4
A few times a month	7.6
A few times a year	8.0
Rarely	25.9
Not any more	40.3
n	97

2.6.4 Age First Started Using LSD

Among those who could remember what age they started using speed, with the majority (54%) had started using the drug by age 13 (Figure 29).



2.6.5 Number Of Times Used LSD

Users of LSD were asked how many times they had used the drug in their lifetime. In response, just under half of users (46%) had used the drug only once with a further 17% having used the drug more twice (Table 2.55).

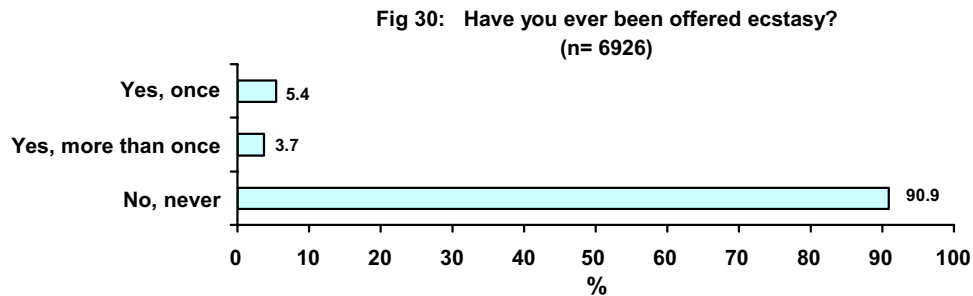
	%
Once	46.0
Twice	17.2
3 times	18.8
4-10 times	8.2
11-24 times	4.9
25 times or more	5.0
N	89

2.7 Ecstasy

The survey also included a range of questions on ecstasy, which is also defined as 'E' and 'Dennis the Menace'.

2.7.1 Ever Offered Ecstasy

Almost one in ten pupils (9%) had been offered ecstasy, with 5% offered the drug only once and 4% offered it on more than one occasion (Figure 30).



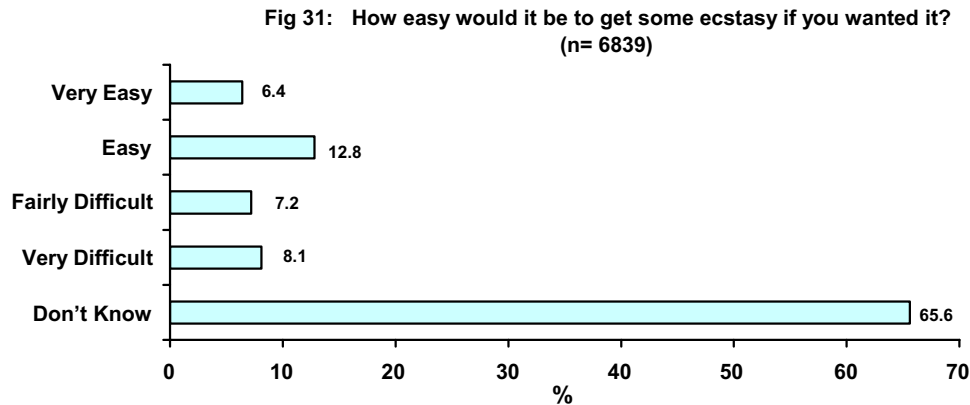
The likelihood of having been offered ecstasy increased significantly with age, with pupils aged 16 or older approximately nine times (19%) more likely to have been offered the drug compared with pupils aged 12 or younger (2%). Pupils eligible for free school meals (11%) were also more likely to report having been offered this drug, as were pupils attending schools in the BELB area (Table 2.56).

Table 2.56 Ever offered ecstasy by pupil characteristics				
		Have you been offered ecstasy?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		9.1	90.9	6926
Age***	12 or younger	1.9	98.1	1381
	13	4.9	95.1	1243
	14	5.8	94.2	1320
	15	14.8	85.2	1392
	16 or older	18.7	81.3	1135
Sex	Male	8.4	91.6	3448
	Female	9.8	90.2	3478
School	Secondary	9.6	90.4	4238
	Grammar	8.5	91.5	2689
Education & Library Board***	BELB	11.8	88.2	1265
	WHSSB	7.1	92.9	1248
	NEELB	8.6	91.4	1620
	SEELB	10.2	89.8	1218
	SELB	8.3	91.7	1574
Eligible For Free School Meals**	Yes	10.8	89.2	1346
	No	8.7	91.3	5571

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

2.7.2 Ease Of Getting Ecstasy

Overall 19% of pupils felt that it would be either 'very easy' (6%) or 'easy' (13%) to get some ecstasy if they wanted to, with 15% of the view that it would be either difficult (7%) or very difficult (8%). However the common view expressed by pupils was they 'don't know' (66%) how difficult it would be to get ecstasy (Figure 31).



There were some difference in the perception of how easy or difficult it would be to get ecstasy, with older pupils and those attending grammar schools, more likely to say it would be easy (Table 2.57).

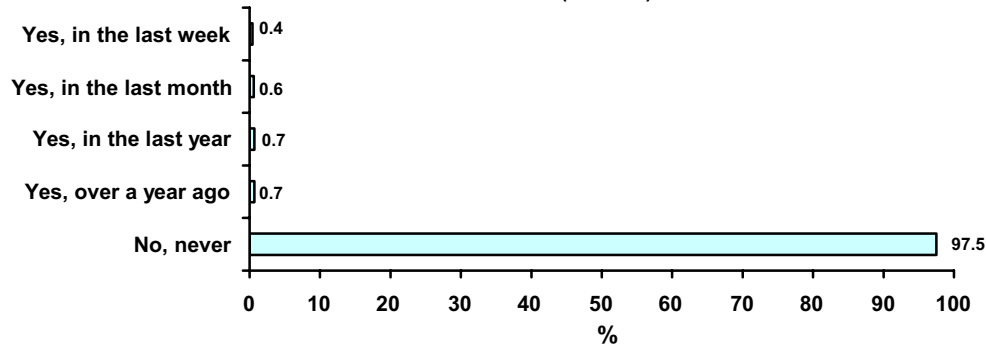
		Easy	Difficult	Don't know	n
		%	%	%	
All Respondents		19.2	15.3	65.6	6839
Age***	12 or younger	6.8	14.3	78.9	1347
	13	11.6	15.2	73.1	1229
	14	16.0	18.5	65.5	1310
	15	27.3	14.5	58.1	1383
	16 or older	36.0	14.6	49.4	1129
Sex	Male	19.3	15.2	65.4	3397
	Female	18.9	15.3	65.7	3441
School***	Secondary	18.3	13.9	67.8	4156
	Grammar	20.4	17.4	62.2	2682

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

2.7.3 Using Ecstasy

Three percent (3%) of all pupils said that they had ever used ecstasy, with 1% having used the drug in the month before being surveyed (Figure 32).

Fig 32: Have you ever used ecstasy?
(n= 6854)



The level of use of ecstasy was found to differ between some of the key pupil characteristics, with older pupils (aged 16 and older, 5%), those attending secondary schools (3%), those entitled to free school meals (4%), and those attending BELB schools more likely to indicate having used the drug (Table 2.58).

		Ever used ecstasy?		
		Yes %	No %	n
All respondents		2.5	97.5	6854
Age***	12 or younger	0.6	99.4	1362
	13	1.8	98.2	1235
	14	1.7	98.3	1306
	15	3.5	96.5	1381
	16 or older	4.8	95.2	1128
Sex	Male	2.6	97.4	3408
	Female	2.4	97.6	3445
School***	Secondary	3.0	97.0	4186
	Grammar	1.7	98.3	2667
Education & Library Board*	BELB	3.7	96.3	1256
	WHSSB	2.1	97.9	1237
	NEELB	2.7	97.3	1608
	SEELB	1.9	98.1	1200
	SELB	2.2	97.8	1553
Eligible for free school meals*	Yes	3.5	96.5	1323
	No	2.3	97.7	5522
* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)				

2.7.4 Regularity Of Using Ecstasy

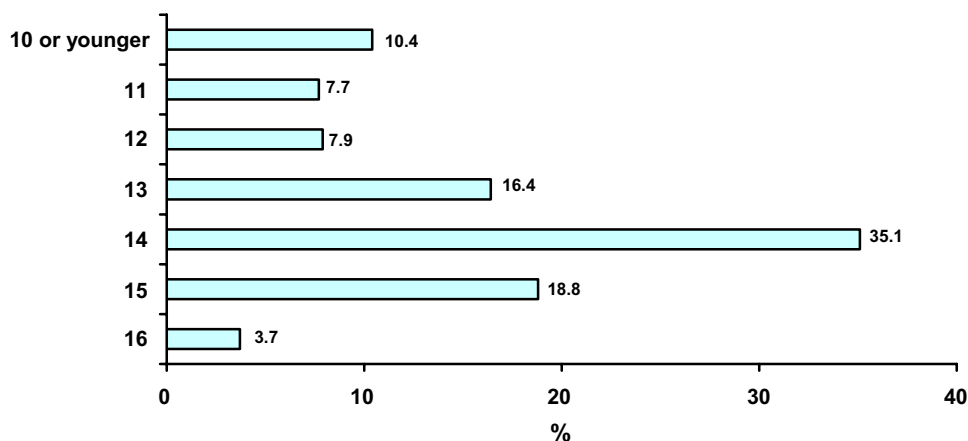
Among those who had ever used cannabis, 6% reported use it on a daily basis with a further 11% saying that they use ecstasy a few times a week. In 64% of cases, those who had used ecstasy say that they use the drug either rarely (27%) or not any more (37%) (Table 2.59).

	%
Daily	6.2
A few times a week	10.5
A few times a month	12.4
A few times a year	7.3
Rarely	26.6
Not any more	37.0
n	172

2.7.5 Age First Started Using Ecstasy

Among those who could remember what age they started using cannabis, more than one third (35%) said that they first started using the drug at the age of 14 (Figure 33).

Fig 33: Age first time used ecstasy? (n= 128)
[excludes those who could not remember their age when first starting using]



2.7.6 Number Of Times Used Ecstasy

Users of ecstasy were asked how many times they had used ecstasy in their lifetime. In response, almost four out of ten users (39%) had used the drug only once (Table 2.60).

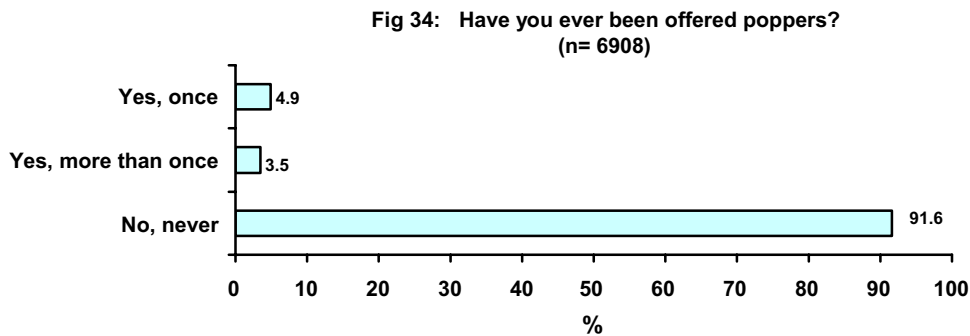
	%
Once	38.9
Twice	15.2
3 times	13.4
4-10 times	8.3
11-24 times	7.5
25 times or more	16.8
n	171

2.8 Poppers

The following section presents the results from those questions relating to Poppers (amyl nitrates, liquid gold and nitrates).

2.8.1 Ever Offered Poppers

Less than one in ten (8%) pupils said that they had ever been offered poppers, with 5% offered poppers on one occasion (Figure 34).



The likelihood of having been offered poppers increased significantly with age, with 17% of those aged 16 or over having been offered this drug compared with just 2% of those aged 12 or younger. Boys (10%), compared with girls (7%), and those attending schools in the BELB area, were more likely to report having been offered poppers (Table 2.61).

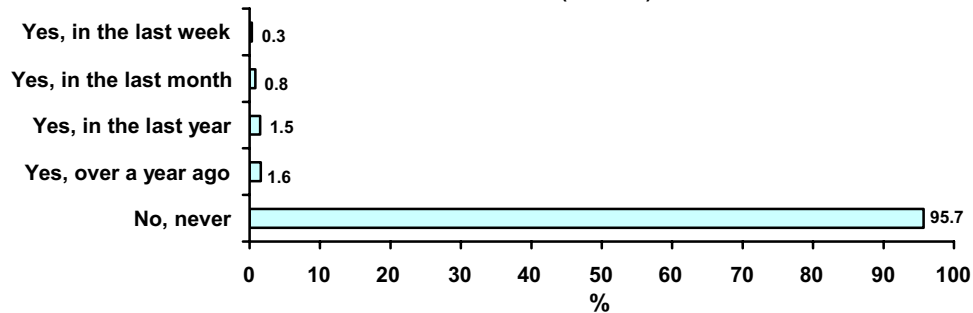
		Have you been offered poppers?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		8.4	91.6	6908
Age***	12 or younger	1.6	98.4	1378
	13	3.4	96.6	1242
	14	7.2	92.8	1316
	15	12.7	87.3	1390
	16 or older	17.2	82.8	1137
Sex**	Male	9.5	90.5	3442
	Female	7.2	92.8	3467
School	Secondary	8.1	91.9	4222
	Grammar	8.8	91.2	2686
Education & Library Board***	BELB	14.5	85.5	1263
	WHSSB	5.6	94.4	1246
	NEELB	9.3	90.7	1621
	SEELB	7.6	92.4	1208
	SELB	5.4	94.6	1570
Eligible for Free School Meals	Yes	9.7	90.3	1339
	No	8.0	92.0	5560

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

2.8.2 Using Poppers

Four percent (4%) of all pupils reported that they had used poppers, with 1% having used this drug in the month prior to being surveyed (Figure 35).

Fig 35: Have you ever used poppers?
(n= 6876)



The likelihood of ever having used poppers was found to increase significantly with age, with boys compared with girls, and those entitled to free school meals, also more likely to report having used poppers. The level of reported usage of poppers was also found to be significantly higher among pupils attending schools in the BELB area (Table 2.62).

Table 2.62 Ever used poppers by pupil characteristics				
		Ever used poppers?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		4.3	95.7	6876
Age***	12 or younger	0.8	99.2	1367
	13	1.5	98.5	1239
	14	3.3	96.7	1314
	15	6.0	94.0	1384
	16 or older	9.5	90.5	1131
Sex***	Male	5.1	94.9	3426
	Female	3.4	96.6	3449
School	Secondary	4.5	95.5	4198
	Grammar	3.9	96.1	2677
Education & Library Board***	BELB	7.1	92.9	1259
	WHSSB	2.5	97.5	1244
	NEELB	5.3	94.7	1616
	SEELB	3.4	96.6	1197
	SELB	3.1	96.9	1561
Eligible for Free School Meals*	Yes	5.5	94.5	1335
	No	4.0	96.0	5533

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

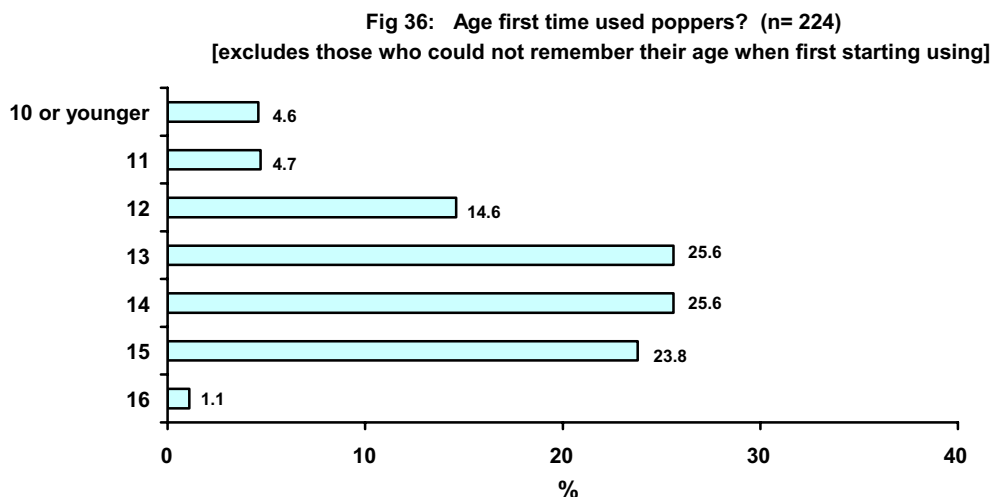
2.8.3 Regularity Of Using Poppers

In the majority of cases, those who had ever used poppers said that they no longer use them (51%), with less than one in ten users (9%) saying that they use poppers on a weekly basis (Table 2.63).

	%
Daily	3.0
A few times a week	5.8
A few times a month	8.3
A few times a year	7.5
Rarely	24.4
Not any more	50.9
n	294

2.8.4 Age First Started Using Poppers

Among those who could remember what age they started using poppers, half (50%) had started using the drug by age 13 (Figure 36).



2.8.5 Number Of Times Used Poppers

Users of poppers were asked how many times they had used the drug in their lifetime. In response, 37% had used the drug only once with a further 16% having used the drug twice (Table 2.64).

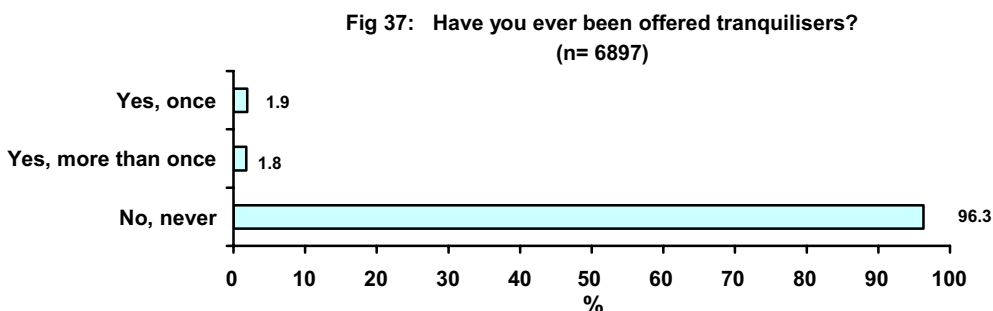
	%
Once	36.7
Twice	15.8
3 times	19.8
4-10 times	14.5
11-24 times	9.0
25 times or more	4.2
n	293

2.9 Tranquilisers

The following section presents the results from those questions relating to tranquilisers, which include: downers; barbiturates; blues; temazies; jellies; tranx; and temazepam.

2.9.1 Ever Offered Tranquilisers

Overall, 4% of pupils had ever been offered tranquilisers, with 2% offered them once and 2% offered them on more than one occasion (Figure 37).



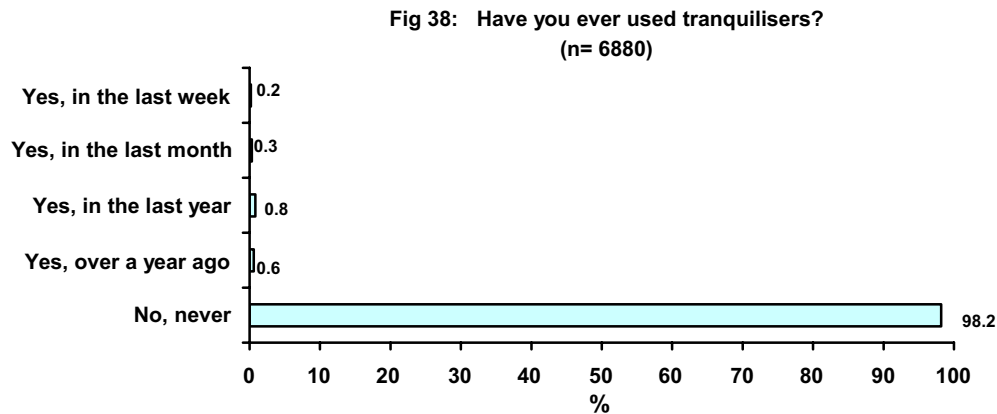
As with many of the other drugs, the likelihood of having been offered tranquilisers increased significantly with age, with 7% of those aged 16 or over having been offered tranquilisers compared with just 1% of those aged 12 or younger. Pupils attending schools in the SEELB area were also more likely to report having been offered tranquilisers (Table 2.65).

Table 2.65 Ever offered tranquilisers by pupil characteristics				
		Have you been offered tranquilisers?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		3.7	96.3	6897
Age***	12 or younger	1.3	98.7	1378
	13	2.1	97.9	1240
	14	2.4	97.6	1316
	15	5.6	94.4	1389
	16 or older	7.1	92.9	1134
Sex	Male	3.8	96.2	3433
	Female	3.5	96.5	3463
School	Secondary	3.9	96.1	4211
	Grammar	3.2	96.8	2686
Education & Library Board***	BELB	5.2	94.8	1260
	WHSSB	2.0	98.0	1244
	NEELB	2.9	97.1	1619
	SEELB	6.2	93.8	1206
	SELB	2.6	97.4	1568
Eligible for Free School Meals	Yes	4.3	95.7	1330
	No	3.5	96.5	5559

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

2.9.2 Using Tranquilisers

Two percent (2%) of all pupils reported that they had used tranquilisers, with 1% having used them in the month prior to being surveyed (Figure 38).



Pupil age, school type and Education and Library Board area were found to be significantly associated with the use of tranquilisers, with older pupils, those attending secondary schools, and those attending schools in the SEELB area more likely to have used them (Table 2.66).

Table 2.66 Ever used tranquilisers by pupil characteristics				
		Ever used tranquilisers?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		1.8	98.2	6880
Age***	12 or younger	0.7	99.3	1369
	13	0.7	99.3	1238
	14	1.4	98.6	1316
	15	2.6	97.4	1389
	16 or older	3.7	96.3	1132
Sex	Male	2.0	98.0	3424
	Female	1.6	98.4	3457
School**	Secondary	2.2	97.8	4203
	Grammar	1.2	98.8	2678
Education & Library Board***	BELB	2.5	97.5	1256
	WHSSB	0.8	99.2	1243
	NEELB	1.7	98.3	1615
	SEELB	3.5	96.5	1206
	SELB	0.9	99.1	1559
Eligible for Free School Meals	Yes	2.3	97.7	1329
	No	1.7	98.3	5543
* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)				

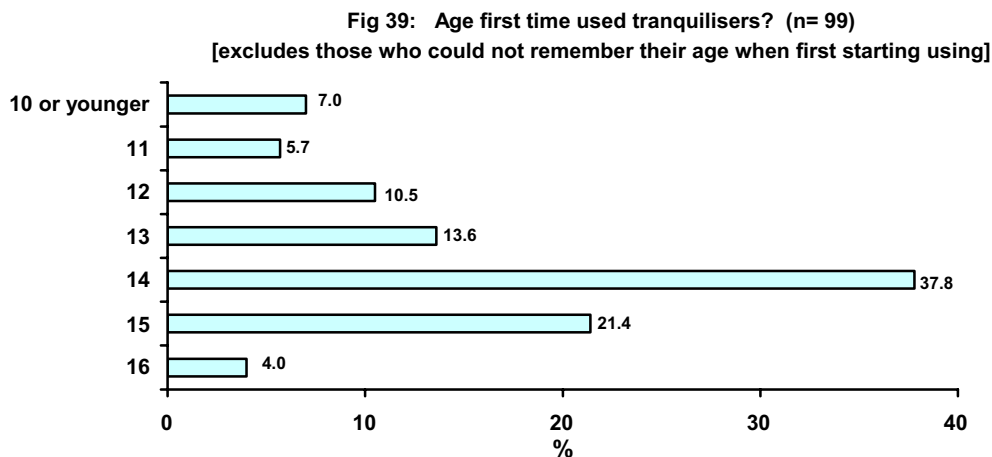
2.9.3 Regularity Of Using Tranquilisers

In the majority of cases (51%), those who had ever used tranquilisers said that they no longer use them, with 15% saying that they use them at least weekly (Table 2.67).

	%
Daily	4.9
A few times a week	10.5
A few times a month	10.7
A few times a year	5.4
Rarely	18.1
Not any more	50.5
n	123

2.9.4 Age First Started Using Tranquilisers

Among those who could remember what age they started using tranquilisers, almost two out of three (63%) had started using the drug by age 14 or older (Figure 39).



2.9.5 Number Of Times Used Tranquilisers

Users of tranquilisers were asked how many times they had used them in their lifetime. In response, 41% had used tranquilisers once, with a further 19% using them twice (Table 2.68).

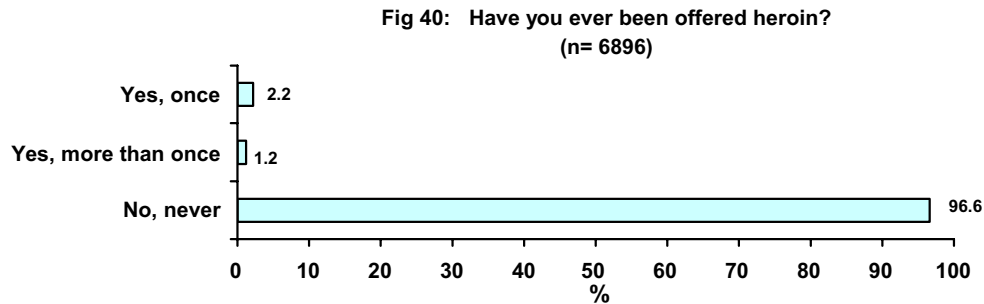
	%
Once	41.2
Twice	19.2
3 times	7.7
4-10 times	20.6
11-24 times	5.1
25 times or more	6.2
n	122

2.10 Heroin

The following section presents the results from those questions relating to heroin which includes the terms: smack; skag; and H.

2.10.1 Ever Offered Heroin

Overall, 3% of pupils reported ever being offered heroin, with 2% saying that they had been offered the drug on only one occasion and 1% offered it on more than one occasion (Figure 40).



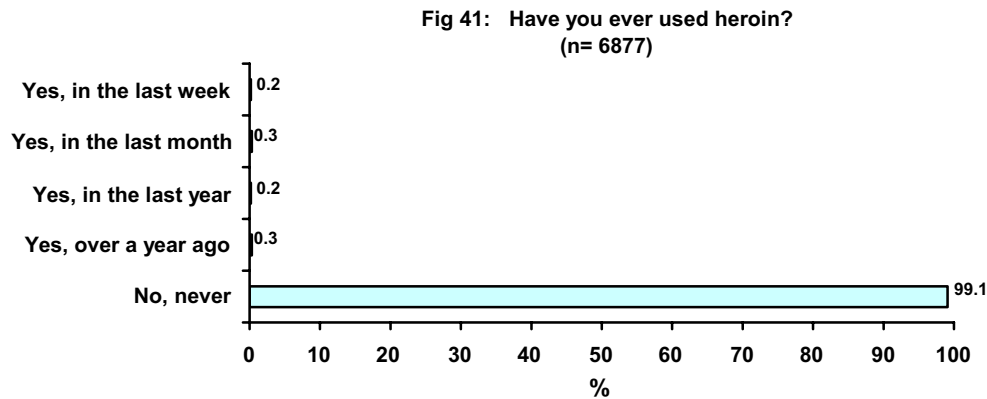
The self-reported likelihood of being offered heroin was significantly associated with age, with 5% of those aged 16 or older saying that they had been offered heroin compared with 2% of those aged 12 or younger. The only other background characteristic showing any level of significance was eligibility for free school meals, with 5% of those eligible saying that they had been offered heroin in the past, compared with 3% of those who were not eligible for free school meals (Table 2.69).

		Have you been offered heroin?		
		Yes (%)	No (%)	n
All Respondents		3.4	96.6	6896
Age***	12 or younger	1.5	98.5	1377
	13	4.0	96.0	1238
	14	3.7	96.3	1315
	15	3.0	97.0	1389
	16 or older	5.2	94.8	1137
Sex	Male	3.2	96.8	3432
	Female	3.6	96.4	3464
School	Secondary	3.7	96.3	4210
	Grammar	3.0	97.0	2686
Education & Library Board	BELB	3.4	96.6	1256
	WHSSB	2.9	97.1	1246
	NEELB	3.6	96.4	1618
	SEELB	4.2	95.8	1208
	SELB	3.0	97.0	1568
Eligible for Free School Meals**	Yes	4.8	95.2	1332
	No	3.1	96.9	5556

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

2.10.2 Using Heroin

One percent (1%) of all pupils said that they had ever used heroin, with pupils attending grammar school more likely to report using heroin (Figure 41).



With the exception of school type, more secondary school pupils (1.2%) reported using heroin compared with their grammar school counterparts (0.5), there was no significant variation in levels of reported heroin use (Table 2.70).

		Ever used heroin?		n
		Yes	No	
		%	%	
All Respondents		0.9	99.1	6877
Age	12 or younger	0.5	99.5	1371
	13	1.1	98.9	1233
	14	0.8	99.2	1312
	15	0.6	99.4	1389
	16 or older	1.5	98.5	1135
Sex	Male	0.9	99.1	3423
	Female	0.9	99.1	3453
School**	Secondary	1.2	98.8	4196
	Grammar	0.5	99.5	2681
Education & Library Board	BELB	1.0	99.0	1256
	WHSSB	0.6	99.4	1242
	NEELB	1.2	98.8	1610
	SEELB	0.7	99.3	1208
	SELB	0.9	99.1	1560
Eligible for Free School Meals	Yes	1.4	98.6	1327
	No	0.8	99.2	5542

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

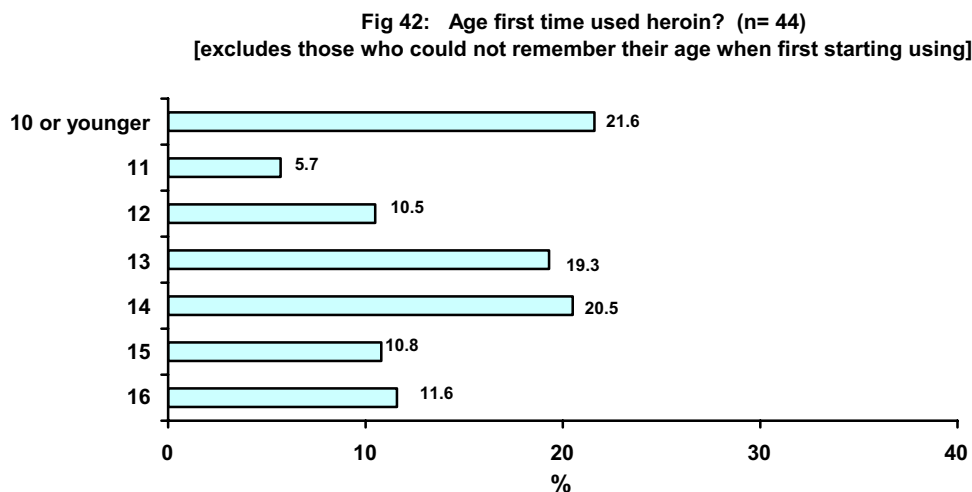
2.10.3 Regularity Of Using Heroin

Among the 61 pupils who had ever used heroin, 13% reported to be daily users, with a further 17% saying they used the drug a few times a week (Table 2.71).

	%
Daily	12.9
A few times a week	17.3
A few times a month	16.4
A few times a year	4.1
Rarely	17.2
Not any more	32.0
n	61

2.10.4 First Age Started Using Heroin

Among those who could remember what age they started using heroin, more than one fifth (22%) said they were aged 10 or younger. This may suggest a level of over-reporting in this age group (Figure 42).



2.10.5 Number Of Times Used Heroin

Users of heroin were asked how many times they had used the drug in their lifetime. In response, more than one third (37%) had used heroin only once, with a further 29% reporting using the drug on two occasions (Table 2.72).

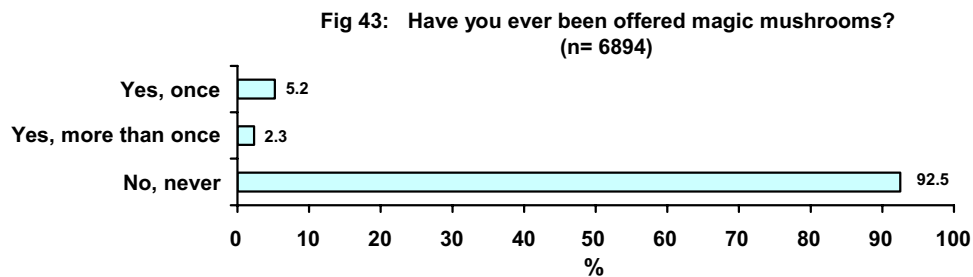
	%
Once	37.1
Twice	28.9
3 times	7.6
4-10 times	7.4
11-24 times	7.6
25 times or more	11.5
n	60

2.11 Magic Mushrooms

The following section presents the results from those questions relating to magic mushrooms, which includes the term psilocybin.

2.11.1 Ever Offered Magic Mushrooms

Overall, 8% of pupils reported ever being been offered magic mushrooms, with 5% saying that they had been offered them on only one occasion and 2% saying that they had been offered them on more than one occasion (Figure 43).



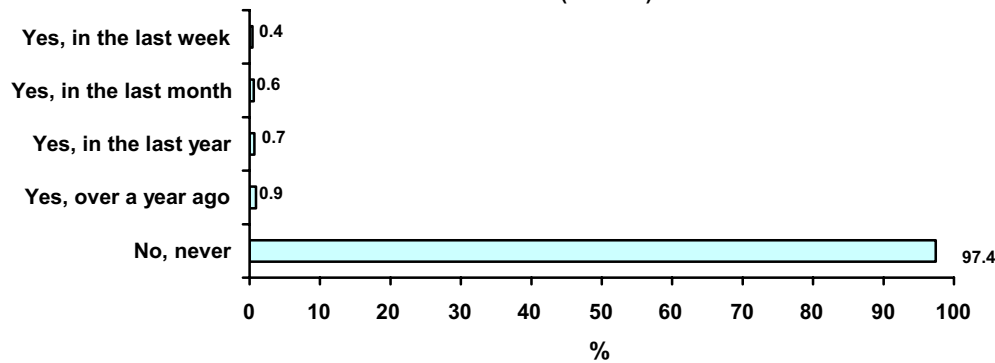
The likelihood of having been offered magic mushrooms was found to increase with age, with boys also more likely to have been offered magic mushrooms. Those entitled to free school meals were also more likely to have been offered magic mushrooms. Conversely, those attending schools in the SELB area were least likely to have been offered magic mushrooms (Table 2.73).

Table 2.73 Ever offered magic mushrooms by pupil characteristics				
		Have you been offered magic mushrooms?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		7.5	92.5	6894
Age***	12 or younger	1.9	98.1	1376
	13	4.4	95.6	1237
	14	6.2	93.8	1316
	15	11.8	88.2	1388
	16 or older	14.0	86.0	1136
Sex***	Male	8.7	91.3	3431
	Female	6.3	93.7	3463
School	Secondary	7.4	92.6	4206
	Grammar	7.7	92.3	2688
Education & Library Board**	BELB	7.8	92.2	1254
	WHSSB	8.5	91.5	1246
	NEELB	8.1	91.9	1619
	SEELB	8.4	91.6	1206
	SELB	5.0	95.0	1569
Eligible for Free School Meals**	Yes	9.5	90.5	1331
	No	7.0	93.0	5555
* (X ² , p<0.05); ** (X ² , p<0.01); *** (X ² , p<0.001)				

2.11.2 Using Magic Mushrooms

Three percent (3%) of all pupils said that they had used magic mushrooms, with pupils attending grammar school more likely to report using magic mushrooms (Figure 44).

Fig 44: Have you ever used magic mushrooms?
(n= 6874)



The likelihood of having used magic mushrooms was significantly associated with pupil age, gender, entitlement to free school meals and Education and Library Board area, with those more likely to having taken magic mushrooms being older, male, be entitled to free school meals and be attending schools in the BELB area (Table 2.74).

Table 2.74 Ever used magic mushrooms by pupil characteristics				
		Ever used magic mushrooms?		
		Yes	No	n
		%	%	
All Respondents		2.6	97.4	6874
Age***	12 or younger	0.8	99.2	1367
	13	2.2	97.8	1233
	14	2.3	97.7	1314
	15	3.0	97.0	1389
	16 or older	5.0	95.0	1131
Sex***	Male	3.5	96.5	3419
	Female	1.7	98.3	3454
School	Secondary	2.4	97.6	4193
	Grammar	2.8	97.2	2681
Education & Library Board**	BELB	3.7	96.3	1255
	WHSSB	3.0	97.0	1243
	NEELB	2.6	97.4	1612
	SEELB	2.2	97.8	1204
	SELB	1.7	98.3	1560
Eligible for Free School Meals*	Yes	3.6	96.4	1328
	No	2.4	97.6	5538

* (X^2 , $p < 0.05$); ** (X^2 , $p < 0.01$); *** (X^2 , $p < 0.001$)

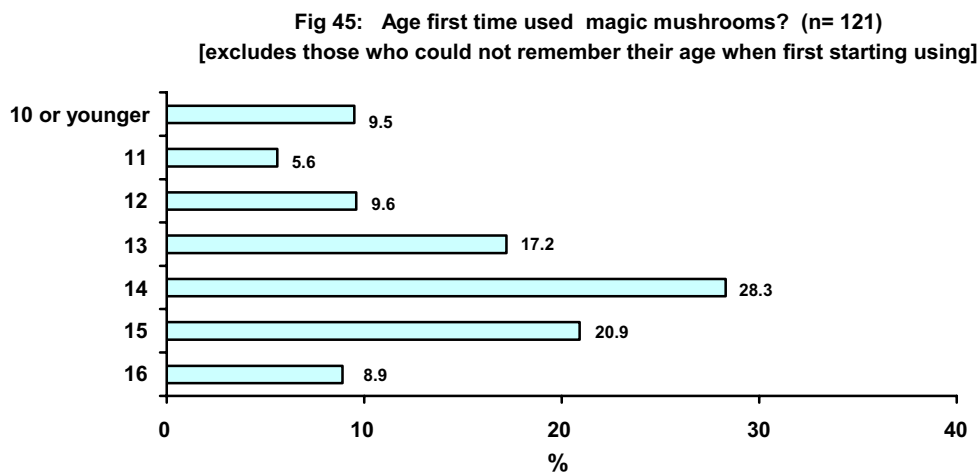
2.11.3 Regularity Of Using Magic Mushrooms

Among the 176 pupils who had ever used magic mushrooms, 7% reported to be daily users, with a further 11% saying they used the drug a few times a week (Table 2.75).

	%
Daily	6.7
A few times a week	10.9
A few times a month	8.1
A few times a year	10.1
Rarely	22.9
Not any more	41.3
n	176

2.11.4 Age First Started Using Magic Mushrooms

Among those who could remember what age they started using magic mushrooms, more than one quarter (28%) said they were aged 14 (Figure 45).



2.11.5 Number Of Times Used Magic Mushrooms

Users of magic mushrooms were asked how many times they had used the drug in their lifetime. In response, just under half (46%) had used them only once, with a further 18% reporting using them on two occasions (Table 2.76).

	%
Once	45.5
Twice	18.2
3 times	10.1
4-10 times	11.3
11-24 times	4.1
25 times or more	10.7
n	171